

Table 1: Maximum intervals for access to feed and safe water

Species and class	New time maximum (hours)	Current time maximum (hours)
Compromised animals	12	N/A
Broiler chickens, spent laying hens and rabbits	24 for safe water 28 for feed	36
Beef and dairy cattle and other adult ruminants that can be fed exclusively on hay and grain	36	48
Equines and porcines	28	36
All other animals	36	36
Ruminants that are too young to be fed exclusively on hay and grain	12 <input type="text" value="*"/>	18
Newly hatched birds	72 <input type="text" value="**"/>	72

Can only be moved one time during this period.

From time of hatching.

Table 3: Comparison between the requirements of Canada with New Zealand, Australia, the United States, and the European Union

	New Zealand	Australia	United States	European Union	Canada (Current)	Canada (New)
<p>RUMINANTS: Cattle, sheep, goats, etc.</p>	<p>Adults: no more than 12 hours without water and 24 hours without feed.</p> <p>Lactating cows: no more than 8 hours without water.</p> <p>Calves: no more than 12 hours of transport from pick up of first calf.</p> <p>Note: clauses stipulate that individual circumstances (ability to cope, age, previous transport experience) may warrant a shorter time.</p>	<p>Calves less than 5 days old: no more than 6 hours of transport.</p> <p>Calves 5 to 30 days old: no more than 12 hours of transport.</p> <p>Cattle 1 to 6 months old: access to water every 24 hours.</p> <p>Cattle older than 6 months old (not pregnant nor lactating): access to water, feed and rest every 48 hours.</p>	<p>All: no more than 28 hours of transport, then unloaded for feed, water and rest. This can be extended to 36 hours with permission by phone.</p>	<p>All: no more than 8 hours of transport. This can be extended if vehicles are designed to provide water at all times, are insulated and have special partitions and mechanical ventilation.</p> <p>Note: journeys greater than 100 km — Ban on transporting very young animals (e.g. calves less than 10 days old and lambs less than 1 week old)</p>	<p>Adults: no more than 48 hours without feed, water and rest. This can be increased to 52 hours without feed, water and rest if the animals can reach their final destination within 52 hours.</p> <p>Calves: no more than 18 hours without feed and water.</p>	<p>Adults: no more than 36 hours without feed, water and rest.</p> <p>Young ruminants too young to be fed on grain and hay: no more than 12 hours without feed, water and rest and can only be transported once.</p>
<p>MONOGASTRICS: Porcines, birds, equines, etc.</p>	<p>Adults porcines: no more than 8 hours without water and 24 hours without feed.</p> <p>Birds: no more than 12 hours of transport.</p> <p>Chicks: must reach destination within 72 hours after hatching.</p> <p>Note: clauses stipulate that individual circumstances (ability to cope, age, previous transport experience) may warrant a shorter time.</p>	<p>Adult porcines: feed and water every 24 hours.</p> <p>Piglets: no more than 12 hours without feed and water.</p> <p>Poultry: no more than 24 hours without water.</p> <p>Chicks: no more than 72 hours without water from time of hatching if provided with hydrating material in transport container.</p>	<p>All porcines and commercially transported slaughter and feeder equines: no more than 28 hours of transport, then unloaded for feed, water and rest.</p> <p>Note: there is no regulatory provision for poultry in the United States. However, the United Egg Producers clearly indicate that "catching and transport must be planned so that feed is withdrawn no more than 24 hours prior to slaughter and that water must not be withdrawn prior to catching."</p>	<p>All (except birds and rabbits): no more than 8 hours of transport, but can be extended if vehicles are designed to provide water at all times, are insulated, and have special partitions and mechanical ventilation.</p> <p>Birds and rabbits: no more than 12 hours of transport.</p> <p>Note: journeys greater than 100 km — Ban on transporting very young animals (e.g. piglets less than 3 weeks old).</p>	<p>Equines, swine or other monogastric animals, other than chicks: no more than 36 hours without feed, water and rest.</p> <p>Chicks: no more than 72 hours of transport after hatching.</p>	<p>Equines, porcines or other adult monogastric animals (other than broiler chickens, spent laying hens and rabbits): no more than 28 hours without feed, water and rest.</p> <p>Broiler chickens, spent laying hens and rabbits: no more than 24 hours without water and 28 hours without feed and rest.</p>
<p>Rest time after maximum feed and water time</p>	8 hours	12–36 hours, species and condition dependent	5 hours	24 hours	5 hours	8 hours